§878.4100 Organ bag.

FR 63010, Dec. 7, 1994]

- (a) *Identification*. An organ bag is a device that is a flexible plastic bag intended to be used as a temporary receptacle for an organ during surgical procedures to prevent moisture loss.
- (b) Classification. Class I. The intestinal organ bag device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter. [53 FR 23872, June 24, 1988, as amended at 59

§878.4160 Surgical camera and accessories.

- (a) *Identification.* A surgical camera and accessories is a device intended to be used to record operative procedures.
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.
- $[53\ FR\ 23872,\ June\ 24,\ 1988,\ as\ amended\ at\ 54\ FR\ 13827,\ Apr.\ 5,\ 1989]$

§878.4200 Introduction/drainage catheter and accessories.

- (a) Identification. An introduction/ drainage catheter is a device that is a flexible single or multilumen tube intended to be used to introduce nondrug fluids into body cavities other than blood vessels, drain fluids from body cavities, or evaluate certain physiologic conditions. Examples include irrigation and drainage catheters, pediatric catheters, peritoneal catheters (including dialysis), and other general surgical catheters. An introduction/ drainage catheter accessory is intended to aid in the manipulation of or insertion of the device into the body. Examples of accessories include adaptors, connectors, and catheter needles.
 - (b) Classification. Class I.

§878.4300 Implantable clip.

- (a) *Identification*. An implantable clip is a clip-like device intended to connect internal tissues to aid healing. It is not absorbable.
 - (b) Classification. Class II.

§878.4320 Removable skin clip.

(a) *Identification.* A removable skin clip is a clip-like device intended to connect skin tissues temporarily to aid healing. It is not absorbable.

(b) Classification. Class I.

§878.4350 Cryosurgical unit and accessories.

- (a) Identification—(1) Cryosurgical unit with a liquid nitrogen cooled cryoprobe and accessories. A cryosurgical unit with a liquid nitrogen cooled cryoprobe and accessories is a device intended to destroy tissue during surgical procedures by applying extreme cold.
- (2) Cryosurgical unit with a nitrous oxide cooled cryoprobe and accessories. A cryosurgical unit with a nitrous oxide cooled cryoprobe and accessories is a device intended to destroy tissue during surgical procedures, including urological applications, by applying extreme cold.
- (3) Cryosurgical unit with a carbon dioxide cooled cryoprobe or a carbon dioxide dry ice applicator and accessories. A cryosurgical unit with a carbon dioxide cooled cryoprobe or a carbon dioxide dry ice applicator and accessories is a device intended to destroy tissue during surgical procedures by applying extreme cold. The device is intended to treat disease conditions such as tumors, skin cancers, acne scars, or hemangiomas (benign tumors consisting of newly formed blood vessels) and various benign or malignant gynecological conditions affecting vulvar, vaginal, or cervical tissue. The device is not intended for urological applications.
 - (b) Classification. Class II.

§878.4370 Surgical drape and drape accessories.

- (a) Identification. A surgical drape and drape accessories is a device made of natural or synthetic materials intended to be used as a protective patient covering, such as to isolate a site of surgical incision from microbial and other contamination. The device includes a plastic wound protector that may adhere to the skin around a surgical incision or be placed in a wound to cover its exposed edges, and a latex drape with a self-retaining finger cot that is intended to allow repeated insertion of the surgeon's finger into the rectum during performance of transurethral prostatectomy.
 - (b) Classification. Class II.